PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

BY JOHN I. SCULL.

DE REPUBLICA NON DESPERARE.

No. 96. PITTSBURGH, JULY 18, 1817. Vol. 32.

NEW LINE OF STAGES,

From Baltimore and Washington city, to M'Connel's-town by way of Frederick-town, Hager's-town and Mercersburg.

THE public are respectfully informed, that the stages from Baltimore and Washington city, commenced and will continue to run as follows, viz.—Leave GADSBY'S hotel, in Baltimore and Washington city, both every Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday, at four o'clock, A. M.—Leave Frederick-town at one o'clock P. M.—Arrive at Hager's-town at six o'clock P. M.—Leave Emmans's hotel in Hagers-town, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at four A. M.—Arrive at M'Connelstown at eleven A. M.—When returning—leave A. LINDSEY'S stage-office, M'Connel's-town, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 11 A. M.—Arrive at Hager's-town at six P. M.—Leave Hager's-town every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at four P. M.—Arrive at Baltimore and Washington city, (both early) same evening. This arrangement is made in order to accommodate travellers who wish to go to Baltimore or Washington city, by that route. The accommodations to Washington city, are very convenient to travellers. They can, by entering at M'Connelstown, arrive at Washington city—in one day and an half—and to Baltimore in the same time.—Gentlemen travelling on horse back, who wish to take this way from M'Connelstown—can have their horses completely taken care of until their return. Travellers on this route, through so beautiful a country—will find every thing arranged to their satisfaction.

The stages built upon the most improved principle, are easy and commodious—the drivers sober, obliging and attentive—and horses well selected for their duty—uncommonly fine. The proprietors will pledge themselves that the public shall be fully accommodated. All baggage—parcels, &c by the above stages—(let it be understood)—are at the risk of the owners.

JOSEPH BOYD,
MICHAEL KAPP,
JAMES BEESIDE.

Washington city, } 3m
May 1, 1817. }

ALLEN and GRANT

HAVE FOR SALE,

30 boxes tin-plates,
10 half chests Young Hyson tea,
1 chest Imperial tea,
11 casks Sherry wine,
4 do. Port do.
2 do. Brandy,
2 do. Spirits,
1 cask Madeira wine,
1 do. Teneriffe do.

Also,—Loaf sugar—Indigo—Pepper—Madeira Almonds, &c. &c. &c.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 24, 1817.

Ormsby & Doane,

HAVE FOR SALE,

80 bbls prime Pork,
20 half bbls mess Pork—for family use,
30 tierces Hams—in pickle,
2 tons Bacon—superior quality,
2 tons Venison Hams,
100 bbls. Whiskey,
30 kegs Tobacco,
30 boxes cut tacks and sprigs,
18 bbls. Pearl Ash,
Real Campeachy Logwood-
IRON, CASTINGS &c.
20 cwt. country Sugar—in barrels,
200 bbls Kenhawa Salt.

Pittsburgh, May 30. 1817.

BIRMINGHAM.

THE subscriber, having laid off part of his property in the town of Birmingham into LOTS suitable for the erection of dwellings, offers them for sale at reasonable prices, upon the following terms:—$ 10 payable in hand, and the residue as follows—$ 1 per week—$ 4 per month, or $ 13 per quarter, at the option of the purchaser, *without interest.*

On the payment of the purchase money, or satisfactory security being given for the same Deeds will be made to the purchaser, with general warranty, *clear from ground rent,* or any incumbrance whatever.

A Plan can be seen at the Office of JAMES M. SCOTT, Esq. in the Diamond, Pittsburgh, and at the house of the Subscriber in Birmingham.

JAMES PATTERSON.

November 29, 1816 1awtf.

WASHINGTON HALL, New York.

IN consequence of the sale of this establishment the public have been impressed with an idea that it is shut up. The subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public in general, that having a lease of some years, he still continues with his usual disposition to accommodate; returning his exertions and grateful for the support he has heretofore met with; he hopes for a continuance of public patronage.

The above establishment is spacious and airy, and from the pleasant situation in which it is placed, cannot fail in making it a very agreeable and desirable residence for travellers during their stay in New York.

P. M'INTYRE.

June 27, 1817. 4

JOHN G. O'BRIEN
Wholesale & Retail Druggist,
PITTSBURGH.

HAS FOR SALE, at his DRUG WAREHOUSE, an extensive supply of the following GOODS which, in addition to a variety of other genuine articles, he will dispose of on the most liberal terms, viz.

Fresh drugs,
Chemils,
Medicines,
Perfumery,
Vials assorted,
Flaxseed and sweet Oil,
Spirit Turpentine,
Paints assorted,
Dye Stuffs,
Painters brushes,
Camels hair Pencils,
Reeve's Water Colors
Gold Leaf
Mortars and Pestles
Graduated Measures
Surgeons Instruments
Single and double Trusses,
Bogies and Catheters
Ivory and pewter Syringes
Bolus Knives
Apothecary scales and weight
Bottle and vial corks
Pill boxes
Wafers and Sealing Wax
Patent Lint
Walden's Ink powder
Smelling bottles assorted
Lemon acid
Ess. Bergamotte and Lemon
Castile and Windsor Soap.

*** Physicians, country merchants and others, who deal in Drugs and Medicines, or any of the above articles, can be supplied at the lowest Philadelphia prices, (with the addition only of carriage expenses.)

Customers may rest assured, that particular attention will at all times be paid to furnish them with ods of the best description, and on the lowest terms possible.

Families in town and in the country, can be supplied with superior Medicines of every description, the cheapest terms.

Pittsburgh August 3, 1816.

Portrait Painting.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Pittsburgh, that intending to remain in this place a short time, he has taken a room in the Brick building of Mrs. Irwin corner of the Diamond, where he will execute portrait painting in a style of superior elegance.

Having studied under one of the first artists in New York, and been in the practice of the profession a long time, he feels confident of being enabled to give the most ample satisfaction.

Orders for Plain and ornamental sign painting, Military Standards, Masonic Carpets &c. will be attended to and executed by a person under the immediate direction and superintendance of the subscriber

E. G. NELSON.

Pittsburgh, May 2, 1817.——6m

LOOK! *before you* LEAP!

TRESPASSING, maurauding and pilfering, having become so prevalent in the neighbourhood of Pittsburgh, we have considered it a bounden duty to protect our property from such violators of both the laws and constitution of our country. And any person who may in future be detected either in trespassing on our property and enclosures, plundering, or pilfering and destroying of what is *ours*, and not *theirs*, may rest assured, that without any exception of persons, they will be prosecuted to the full extent of law provided against such offenders.—The foolish and inconsiderate, depend on their *heels* nocturnal address and unknown faces; but they must reflect that good dogs, and guns of *sure fire*, may bring them to justice.—This notice will be considered in its true spirit, and not to cut ourselves off from the intercourse of our friends, or that society which we shall always be happy in seeing at our houses, by the highway thereto.

A. TANNEHILL,
W. PRICE,
GEORGE REIS,
ANDREW WATSON,
DAVID PRIDE,
JOHN IRWIN,
WM. PORTER,
JANE M'COLOUGH,
PETER KINTNER.

May 17, 1817—3m.

The Real Estate of
STEEL SEMPLE, Deceased.

THIS LAND is situated within 2 and 3 miles of Pittsburgh, and is divided into small Lots of from five, six, ten and twelve acres.

The survey and draft are now completed, and the lines of the Lots and lanes, plainly and distinctly marked on the ground.

This land is fertile, near to the city, and convenient to good roads. It is so divided as to be convenient for gardners, persons desirous of attending market, or to farmers of small capital. As Out-lots, they are well suited to persons residing in the city.

They are offered for Sale on a credit of from twelve to eighteen months. The plan can be seen at my office. WILLIAM WILKINS.

July 26, 1816.

Removal.

ARMOR AND WALLACE,

Have removed to their new Ware house in Wood street between water and Front streets, where they will transact business as usual in the COMMISSION LINE.

Pittsburgh April 29th 1817.

WOOL CARDING.

COMMON WOOL

Carded at 6 1-4 cents per lb.

Done in the best manner, 8 cents.

Merino wool in proportion according to the quality.

JOHN WALKER.

Montours run, Moon township.

July 1, 1817.

H. Bonnet & Rouaud,

BETWEEN SECOND AND THIRD, MARKET STREET,

INFORM their customers and others that besides their usual assortment they have just received, viz.

Silk of any kind for Dress and Bonnets,
Canton, Italian and French Crapes,
Silk and lace Shawls of any description,
Ladies and gentlemen's silk and cotton stockings,
Silk galloons and ribbons of all sorts,
Ladies and men's silk, kid, and leather gloves,
Merino Shawls and trimming,
English lace and gauze,
Thread, silk, and cotton lace,
Bombazett and bombazeen,
Millinet, and wires black and fancy feathers,
Silk cord and Chenils,
Sewing silk, cotton Balls,
Superfine Cloth and Cassimeres,
Berlin Cord and Stockinett,
Marseilles and other Vesting,
Cambric Linnen and Cravatts,
Hat covers, webbing, and Boot Cord,
Suspenders, Kid skins and Parchment,
Silk velvet and Velveteen,
Pins, and other hardware.
Bell, plated and glass buttons,
Dimity and Ginghams of any kind,
Irish Linnen, Shirting —— and long cloth,
India and English plain and figured Muslin
Calicoes, and domestic Cotton,
Domestic Shirting and long cloth,
Black, blue, brown, and pink Cambric,
Coffee in bags and barrels,
Shot of every size,
Lead in Pig.

Which articles they can sell by the piece, as cheap as any in this city, and will only cut Silk superfine Cloths and Cassimeres.

Pittsburgh, April 1, 1817 ——ft..

G. T. BEYER & Co.

HAVE just received, and offer for sale, on the most reasonable terms—either for CASH or on CREDIT—for approved paper, at their store in Wood, between Third and Fourth-streets.

Coffee, Sugar, Teas, Tobacco, Raisins, Almonds, Madeira, Teneriffe and Lisbon wines—Spirits, Brandy, Holland Gin—Looking-glasses Slates, Pocket-books, Umbrellas, &c. &c.

N. B. The highest price given for all kinds of FURS.

Pittsburgh, June 24.——1aw3m

M'DONNEL & EKIN,

HAVE RECEIVED,

AND will in future be regularly supplied with the following articles which they offer for sale on moderate terms.

Coffee, first and second quality,
Ditto and loaf sugar,
Imperial and young hyson tea in boxes and chests,
Chocolate, pepper, allspice and ginger,
Mustard in bottles and kegs,
Raisins in boxes and kegs,
Real Spanish segars,
Nutmegs, cloves and cinnamon,
Madder, copperas, redwood and allum,
Cogniac Brandy and Jamaica spirits,
Holland gin and Madeira wine,
Queensware in small crates,
Herring and shad.

They continue to manufacture Tobacco and segars of a superior quality, and cut nails of every description.

Pittsburgh, October 8—1awtf.

COPARTNERSHIP.

WILLIAM S. VERNON,

INFORMS his friends and the public, that he has associated MARTIN BLAKE and EDMUND H. LEWIS (formerly of Boston) with him in the COMMISSION BUSINESS, and that in future it will be conducted under the firm of

VERNON, BLAKE, & CO.

who will execute all orders with promptitude and punctuality.

☞ CASH advanced on goods consigned for sale and goods stored and forwarded on commission.

Louisville [illegible] 1817.

1awtf

Falls of Ohio.

TOBACCO, CIGAR, AND Snuff Manufactory.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has commenced the manufacture of TOBACCO, CIGARS and SNUFF.—Having provided experienced workmen and best leaf, he flatters himself that the articles of his manufacture, will be found equal in quality, and as cheap as any offered.

For the accommodation of country merchants and traders, he will receive in payment most articles of country produce.

All orders gratefully received and promptly executed.

DAVID GREER,
East corner of Market & Liberty streets'
Pittsburgh, May 27, 1817. 1aw6m

To Merchants, Attornies and Others.

WANTS a situation. A young man of good education and who understands book-keeping in a wholesale or retail store, or to superintend any business; would have no objections to engage as clerk to an attorney, having been accustomed to that employment, and would render himself useful to his employer when not actually engaged in writing.——A line addressed to A. B. and left at the Post office, West Liberty, Brooke county, Va. will be respectfully attended to.

July 1, 1817.——3p

Education.

THE subscribers beg leave to return their friends and the public unfeigned thanks for the liberal patronage and encouragement they have hitherto met, and hope by assiduity and attention to the morals and literary improvement of their pupils to merit future countenance and support.

They still occupy that large house in Fourth opposite Ferry street, (formerly the morrocco factory of Scully & Graham) which they have fitted up in the most commodious manner for the reception of scholars, where they continue to teach reading, writing, english grammar, history, geography, arithmetic, book-keeping, and the practical branches of mathematics.

W. & R. MOODY.

*** CONVEYANCING, done with accuracy neatness and despatch.

Pittsburgh July 8, 1817

THEATRE.
THE MANAGERS

Present their most respectful compliments to the citizens of Pittsburgh, and

INFORM them that the Company is now complete, composed of performers of the first rate talents, from the Theatres, New-York—Philadelphia—Boston and Charleston, and that the Theatre in this city—will open the first week in August next.

H. Y. LEWIS, *for*
J. ENTWISLE & CO.

sburgh, M[illegible] 23, 1817.

Porter, Ale, Spruce-Beer,
BOTTLING CELLAR.
JAMES TAYLOR

AT the foot of Wood street opposite Messrs Allen and Grant's, has always on hand, the above articles of the best quality—and which on trial will be found equal if not superior to any in this place.——All orders attended to with punctuality.

SUPERIOR LIQUID BLACKING,
For Boots Shoes &c.

By the single bottle or quantity.

Warranted to give the most elegant jet polish—and will not stain the finest linnen.——A liberal discount made to large purchasers.

Pittsburgh, July 1, 1817. 3

WM. HILL,

AT HIS

Wholesale Ware-house,

Opposite Kerr's Hotel, in Market-street

HAS FOR SALE,

1,200 Pair men's coarse shoes
Prime green Coffee, in bags
St. Domingo do. do.
Y. H. Tea, in chests
Allum, Copperas, Allspice, Pepper, Ginger, Indigo and Brimstone, in kegs
Cloves, Nutmegs and Cinnamon
6d. 8d. and 10d. Nails
English Millington Crowly Steel
Spades and Shovels
Writing and Wrapping-paper
Kentucky Tobacco
Logwood
Country Linens and Thread in cuts and per lb.
Queens-ware in crates
Sickles

AN ASSORTMENT OF

Hardware, viz.

Knives and Forks—Butt-hinges—Wood-screws—Files—C. S. & German Hand-saws, &c. &c.

ALSO—AN ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS.

Pittsburgh, June 24.——2awtf

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

FRIDAY, JULY 18, 1817.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED ON
TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,
BY JOHN I. SCULL,
In Front Street, nearly opposite the Post-Office.

CONDITIONS.

THREE DOLLARS a year, paid half yearly in advance—or THREE DOLLARS and FIFTY CENTS, at the end of the year.

If the Subscriber does not order a discontinuance of his paper at the expiration of the year, it will be considered a new engagement.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted in a neat and conspicuous form, at One Dollar per square for the first three insertions, and Twenty-five Cents per square for each continuance.

Pittsburgh Prices Current.

CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE GAZETTE

ARTICLES.		From D.	C.	to D.	C.
Ale,	doz.	3	30		
Ashes, pot,	lb.		6		
—— pearl,			7		9
Beef,			7		10
Bread, crackers,	keg		75		
—— ship-bread,	bbl.	6	50		
Butter, (keg)	lb.		16		18
Coffee, fine green,			33		
—— 2d quality,			32		
—— 3d quality,			30		
Candles, mould,			22		25
—— dipt,			20		25
Cheese, N. Connecticut			12½		14
—— country,			10		12½
Cotton, Tennessee			35		
Corn Meal,	bush.	1		1	50
Clover Seed,		10			
Coal, Stone,			8		10
Feathers,	lb.		60		75
Flax, clean,			12		15
Flour, sup.	bbl.	7		7	50
Furr, Beaver,	lb.	3		4	
Glass, 7 by 9,	100 feet	13			
—— 8 by 10,		14			
—— 10 by 12,		15			
Grain, wheat,	bush.	1	50		
—— rye,		1			
—— barley,		1			
—— corn,			90		
—— oats,			50		62
Gunpowder, best	lb.		50		
Glue,			31		
Hams, Kentucky			12		14
—— country,			10		12½
Iron, Juniata,	ton	210			
—— Monongahela		185			
—— Hoop, large,		230		240	
—— Do. small,		240		250	
—— sheet, Amer.	lb.		20		25
—— do. foreign,			23		
Lead, pig,			9		
—— barr,			11		
—— red,			15	16	
—— white, dry			19		
—— do. ground in oil.	cwt		22		
Leather, soal, Spanish,			33	35	
—— do. country,			30		
—— upper,	side	3		4	
Nails, all sizes, cut,	lb.		14		20
—— wrought,			22		25
—— spikes,			20		
Oil, linseed,	gal	1	20	1	25
—— fish,	bbl	46			
Pork,		8			
Porter, bottled,	doz	3	50		
——	bbl.	6			
Salt		8		9	
Segars, Spanish,	box.	15		16	
—— American,		2	75	3	
Shot, all sizes,	lb.		12½		
Skins, deer,			18		
—— Muskrat,			28		
—— Racoon, prime			55		62
Soap, white,	lb.		17		20
—— rosin,			12½		
Steel, Crowley,	fag.	36			
—— American,		23			
—— blistered,	cwt.	17			
Sugar, New Orleans,	lb		25		27
—— country,			18		20
—— loaf,			40		
—— lump,			38		
Tallow,			12½		15
Tobacco, country man.			20		37
—— Kentucky,			18		20
—— Leaf,			8		
Whiskey, rye,	gal.		60		75
Wax, bees,	lb.		25		
Wool, Merino, clean,		1	25	1	50
—— fleece,			80		
—— half breed,			50		
—— quarter,			40		
—— common, clean,			50		
—— fleece,			37½		

St. Peter's Church at Rome.

Among the travellers of modern times, (says the editor of the Daily Advertiser) we know of none more entertaining, or instructive, than Eustace, in the Classical Tour through Italy. In addition to the advantages of learning, patience and close attention to the objects of his curiosity, he is a chaste and elegant writer, and possesses uncommon powers of description. No recent traveller or writer, that we have met with, has given so clear, distinct, and perfect a view of the curiosities, beauties and wonders of the ground over which he passed. Among other very interesting passages of this work, we have selected, as a specimen of the talents of Mr. Eustace, his description of the Church of St. Peter in Rome. His account contains a far more clear and definite view of that stupendous edifice, than any that we have ever seen.

After stating that the time occupied in building and completing this wonderful edifice, was nearly three hundred years, and that thirty-five pontiffs reigned during that period, Mr. Eustace proceeds—

"To calculate the expense with any great precision would be difficult, but from the best information that has been collected on the subject, we may venture to state, that however enormous the sum may appear, the expenditure must have amounted to at least TWELVE MILLIONS STERLING and when we consider that the marble, bronze, and other valuable materials employed in its decoration, are not only uncommon, but scarcely known out of Rome, we may add that it would require three times as much to raise a similar edifice in any other capitol.

"From the bridge and *Castle de St. Angelo*, a wide street conducts in a direct line to a square, and that square presents at once the court or portico, and part of the Basilica. When the spectator approaches the entrance of this court, he views four rows of lofty pillars *sweeping* off to the right and left in a bold semi-circle. In the centre of the area formed by this immense colonnade, an Egyptian obelisk, of one solid piece of granite, ascends to the height of one hundred and thirty feet; two perpetual fountains, one on each side, play in the air, and fall in sheets round the basins of porphyry that receive them. Before him, raised on three successive flights of marble steps, extending four hundred feet in length, and towering to the elevation of one hundred and eighty, he beholds the majestic front of Basilica itself. This front is supported by a single row of Corinthian pillars and pilasters, and adorned with an attic, a balustrade, and thirteen colossal statues. Far behind and above it rises the matchless Dome, the justly celebrated *wonder of Rome and of the world.* The colonnade of coupled pillars that surround and strengthen its vast base, the graceful attic that surmounts this colonnade, the bold and expressive swell of the dome itself, and the pyramid seated on a cluster of columns and bearing the ball and cross to the skies, all perfect in their kind, form the most magnificent and singular exhibition that the human eye perhaps ever contemplated. Two less cupolas, one on each side, partake of the state, and add not a little to the majesty of the principal dome.

"Their interior corresponds perfectly with the grandeur of the exterior, and fully answers the expectations, however great, which such an approach must naturally have raised. Five lofty portals open in the portico or vestibulum, a gallery in dimensions and decorations equal to the most spacious cathedrals. It it is four hundred feet in length, seventy in height, and fifty in breadth, paved with variegated marble, covered with a gilt vault, adorned with pillars, pilasters, mosaic and basso relievos, and terminated at both ends by equestrian statues, one of Constantine, the other of Charlemagne. A fountain at each extremity supplies a stream sufficient to keep a reservoir always full, in order to carry off every unseemly object, and perpetually refresh and purify the air and the pavement. Opposite the five portals of the vestibule, are the five doors of the church; three are adorned with pillars of the finest marble; that in the middle has valves of bronze.

"As you enter, you behold the most extensive hall ever constructed by human art, expanded in magnificent perspective before you; advancing up the nave, you are delighted with the beauty of the variegated marble under your feet, and with the splendour of the golden vault over your head. The lofty Corinthian pilasters with their bold entablature, the intermediate niches with their statues, the arcades with the graceful figures that recline on the curves of their arches, charm your eye in succession as you pass along. But how great your astonishment when you reach the foot of the altar, and standing in the centre of the church contemplate the four superb vistas open around you; and then raise your eyes to the dome, at the prodigious elevation of four hundred feet, extended like a fragment over your head, and presenting in glowing mosaic, the companies of the just, the choir of celestial spirits, and the whole hierarchy of heaven arrayed in the presence of the Eternal, whose "throne high raised above all height," crowns the awful scene."

HYDROPHOBIA.

From the Baltimore American.

On the 13th of January 1817, medical assistance was requested in the case of ——Ward, of Fell's Point, who reported that on the preceding evening he had felt a pain, prickings and indescribable sensations of uneasiness beginning in the right leg, and passing up the corresponding side to the back of the shoulders and neck, shooting across to the throat, jaws, &c. He had passed the night without sleep, or being able to lie in bed, and had set out to walk the streets at the *dawn of day*, that in passing round a corner he was caught by a blast of wind, which caused him to wheel involuntarily round with his face to the current of air; he could not explain his feelings properly, but said he felt something wrong about the jaws, "awful horror" a dread of suffocation, or as he expressed it "as if the wind had cut his breath." This caused him to return home. A glass of spirit and water was handed him, which he accepted, but on putting it to his head a *paroxysm* came on, and he threw it away amid a convulsive struggle.

There was something awful pictured on his countenance—his *pulse* was excited, the *skin* dry, his complexion bore a bilious shade: his bowels were constipated, occasionally something like spasms, clenching the jaws &c. were perceptible, with an eye most directed to *Tetanus*, but in some degree to *hydrophobia*. We enquired if he had received a *bite*, *pinch*, or any *wound* whatever; he answered in the negative. After a moment he felt more comfortable—he was thirsty and asked for a glass, which brought forward a paroxysm as soon as his eye caught it, but not of long duration—still insisted on drinking, and closed his eyes whilst the cup was put to his mouth, but all that "indescribable horror" was instantly renewed—he sprung up, cried out as if in great agony, whirled round repeatedly, stopped with his back to the cup, and prayed that it should be taken away.—His mind was now quite calm—he was asked if he were *sure* he never had been *bit* by a Dog or any other animal?—his answer was in the affirmative; and continued that he never had seen a "*Mad Dog*" —he vomited bile—nearly half an hour had now passed away. We, conceived *bleeding and calomel purgation* to be indicated. Free *venesection* was therefore immediately resorted to—the *pulse* felt it, and he became calmer than usual—a portion of the above medicine was directed to be administered without delay, and camphorated mercurial friction to be used freely. We returned shortly and found the *pill* had been swallowed with impunity, and although he had a paroxysm all was calm.

An old acquaintance arrived who remembered that the p[illegible] been *bit by a dog*, pretty severely on the leg of the right side TWENTY years since. When farther interrogated, it became evident neither of them knew whether he was even *reported* to be mad or not, for he had passed on and they had not heard or seen any thing of him afterwards. The symptoms now evidently increased; the intervals of the paroxysms became shorter—the dread of hearing liquids spoken of grew greater, but his thirst was intolerable. Another pill was administered, after which he felt easy and asked for the cup, for he said the pill had eased him so much that he thought he could swallow fluid; but this conceit proved as false as that of the pill having eased him was incorrect; for no sooner was the cup brought than he was thrown into the most horrible agony: he seized hold of one of his associates and handled him somewhat roughly—and his aspect was now more frightful than ever, his mind more impaired. This cup had to be taken away, but he still thought that a little spirit and water might *stop down*, and wished to try it, the result was the same as when any other fluid was presented. The blood was suffered to flow again freely. In a few hours his disease appeared to be much accelerated; the sight of the window glass or a breath of wind excited the paroxysms; even a ray of light produced such agony that he covered his eyes and attempted to crawl under the bed to hide himself. Every enquiry was made to find out a cause less remote than the one above named, but without effect. That this was a genuine case of "*Rabies Canina*," can scarcely be doubted. The course of treatment first commenced was persisted in, but to no good purpose; the calomel scarcely opperating on the bowels, or acting in any other manner that could be perceived. Although the flow of saliva and froth was copious, they were only esteemed as some of the usual last symtoms. The disease progressed in its ordinary course until the third day, when he *drank some fluid*, but shortly afterwards *expired*, the most *shocking picture of human insanity* the eye could witness or the imagination conceive.

Execution—Saturday last, *Allen*, a considerable farmer in Cheshire, who was convicted at the last Chester Assizes of issuing forged Bank Notes, suffered the sentence of the law. He met his death with extraordinary fortitude, but his sufferings seemed long continued, the muscular motion being terribly exerted for more than ten minutes. A great number of friends, his wife and eight children attended, and took the body for interment at Waverham. During the awful solemnity of fixing the rope round the neck of the unfortunate culprit, three pickpockets were detected in the execution of their profession, *directly under the drop.* *London paper.*

Charleston, (S. C.) June 26.

Beware of Sharks!

An elderly black man named JEMMY, a fisherman, was, on Tuesday, killed near Fort Johnson, in this harbour, by a Shark. It appears that his boat had got adrift, and he swam out to it; but just as he had got hold of her, the Shark seized, and it was supposed cut him entirely in two. Nothing was afterwards to be seen but his blood, which had dyed the water at the spot.—He belonged to Josiah Taylor, Esq.

To Dealers in Dry Goods

Mrs. Williams,

WHO resides at Mr. Turner's over a [illegible] shoestore, in Fifth street, two doors [illegible] from Wood-street; respectfully informs the inhabitants of Pittsburgh, & its vicinity that she has recently arrived in this country, from London & Paris, with a fashionable assortment of [illegible] figured cambric muslins; french lawns; [illegible] childrens french worked caps; a large, & [illegible] assortment of frock bodies—French, and [illegible] Beads, for necklaces—childrens frock bodies, gantly worked—a great quantity of ready [illegible] shirts, and neck handkerchiefs; and a rich extensive variety of plain, figured, satins, and cenet ribbonds; &c. &c. all of which she [illegible] sed to sell either wholesale, or retail, for [illegible] BANK BILLS, or SPECIE, ONLY, AT THE ORIGINAL [illegible] PRICES, Cheneal and other fancy trimmings.

N. B. An eight day dial by Cors, the celebrated chronometer maker, of London, which keeps time with great exactness.

A DRIVER WANTED.

A person of experience in driving, and who is willing to take charge of a pair of fine horses, will hear of an advantageous situation and constant employment, on application at the Pittsburgh Gazette Office.

N. B. None need apply but those that are the best sober, attentive and careful.

Pittsburgh, July 8 h 1817.

FOR SALE,

Cotton, by the bale,
Kentucky Bacon,
Country ditto.—prime,
Bean & Butler

Pittsburgh, May 30, 1817

JAMES M'CAY,

At his Grocery Store on Water street between Market and Ferry streets offers for sale a quantity of

Common Cyder
Boiled Cyder
Cider Royal by the barrel.

Pittsburgh, July 1st 1817.——3ms.

PROCLAMATION.

BY virtue of a precept under the hands of the honorable Samuel Roberts, esquire, president of the courts of common pleas, in and the fifth judicial district in the state of Pennsylvania, and justice of the courts of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery, in and for the said district; and Francis M'Clure and George Robinson, esquires, associates, judges of the said courts, in and for the county of Allegheny, dated the 12th day of April 1817 and to me directed for holding a court of Oyer and Terminer, and general jail delivery, at the court-house, in the city of Pittsburgh, on the second Monday of August next.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, to all the justices of the peace, coroner, and constables, of the county of Allegheny, that they be then and there in their own proper persons, with their rolls, records, inquisitions examinations and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices in that behalf appertain to be done, and also those who will prosecute against the prisoners that now or may be in the jail of Allegheny county, to be then there, to prosecute against them as shall be just.

L. STEWART, *Sheriff.*

Given at Pittsburgh, the 11th July, 1817.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to ANDREW WOLF are hereby notified that their accounts are left in the hands of *Robert Graham*, esq. for collection. Those wishing to discharge the same will please to call on him on or before the 1st day of August next—otherwise I will proceed as the law directs.

WM. H. WETHERILL.

Pittsburgh, July 15, 1817. ——3

PITTSBURGH STEAM Woollen Manufactory.

JAMES ARTHURS, respectfully informs the public, that his manufactory is in complete operation, where they may at all times be supplied with the following domestic cloths, viz.

Superfine Broad Cloths,
Cassimeres,
Kerseynetts, &c.

of different qualities and a variety of colours.

Having taken into partnership, an experienced workman from Europe, in the manufacturing of cloth, his friends may rest assured, that all work in any branch of their business, will be done to their entire satisfaction.

Persons wishing to have wool manufactured into broad or narrow cloth, may have it done reasonably, in the best manner, and at the shortest notice; but no less quantity than 25 pounds will be received for that purpose.

A large quantity of country cloth, being completed the owners are requested to take it away, as the proprietor cannot hold himself responsible for its safety from moths during the warm season.

His machinery for carding wool is in complete order; and whilst he returns his thanks for the very liberal patronage he has received in that branch of his business, he requests a continuance.

☞ Those persons who are indebted for more than three months, either by bill, note, or book account, are requested to come forward and settle on or before the 1st day of August next—it is hoped this notice will be attended to, or the next will be of a more *coercive* nature.

July 8th 1817.

250 Boxes best Spanish Cigars.

Just received and for Sale by

Peter L'Horton, Confectioner,
Water Street.

PITTSBURGH.

FRIDAY, JULY 18, 1817.

We have been requested to make a proposal to the voters of this district, which we presume will not be disagreeable to either party; we make it at the instance of intelligent men, who profess a firm conviction of its correctness, and an ardent desire for its accomplishment. In an accidental conversation which took place a few days ago, between individuals of the different political parties, a wish was expressed, that at the ensuing general election for representatives in the general assembly, and for county officers, a selection of candidates should be made without respect to party—that party prejudice and party feeling, should be laid aside, and the suffrages given to the most intelligent and most judicious men. The idea thus accidentally expressed, was received with approbation, and has been suggested to us with a view to its more general circulation. We are always ready to oblige our friends, when it is in our power—nor shall we ever hesitate on an occasion of this kind, to meet our political opponents *half way*—PROVIDED, the arrangement is made upon principles of the most perfect equality, and in such a manner as will be honorable to both parties.

OLIO....NO. IV.

It appears that a want of taste in the Latin of Mr. Monroe's carriage motto, is about to produce as serious a schism as that of the big and little endians of Dean Swift. It must be confessed that the American manufacture and appropriation of Latin, heraldic sentences, have not always been very felicitous. The *omnia reliquit servare rempublicam* of the Cincinnati, besides being bad Latin, has no *peculiar* allusion to the honest old farmer who more than once led the Romans to victory; it might apply indiscriminately to every soldier of every army—I should have preferred

Victor ad aratrum redit

being more classical in style, more grammatical in construction, and more intelligible as to its allusion. But in those days a cast of classical elegance was excusable; the character of Ajax was much more in vogue in '76, than that of the polished Junius. But that Mr. Monroe, who has avowedly devoted a life to study, should not be aware of an Atticus, is somewhat surprising. Whether Ogle made the motto as well as the carriage, or whether it was furnished by the President himself, we object to it *in toto*. By "*Principia non Homines*," we presume it was designed to convey the notion which we express by "Principles and not Men;" the meaning of which slang, when applicable to Mr. M. I take to be as follows.—"In the selection of characters to fill the important offices of a republic, we ought to be guided by the political virtues and correct sentiments of the candidate, and not by the childish impulses of favoritism, or blind dictates of party feeling."

Now, the word *principia* has not, by any possible construction, this meaning; give it what latitude you will, and this interpretation never can be squeezed out of it; you may squise it ever so much, and still *principia* will involve an idea of first causes, elements, rudiments, or something like it. It may be asked, "what then is the word principle derived from?" I answer, from the latin word *principium*; but this grants nothing; we could fill a Lexicon with words, which have actually changed their meaning, since their first translation—the words "admired, admirable, and gentle," may serve as an example; if they were now used as Shakespeare and the authors of the eighteenth century, wrote them, they would be nonsense; principles may be another; however, be this as it may, *principia* is not badly applied.

It would probably be temerity in us to offer a substitute: but, as during the last congress, to censure a measure, and not offer something in its stead, was accounted a mark of political breeding, I will make the trial. I offer then, *virtus* for principium, and *gratia* for homines, both of which I will put in the ablative case, according to rules in "such cases made and provided"—the sentence will then stand thus,

Virtute non Gratia.

Virtus in the Latin, has a peculiar power; originally meant courage or fortitude, but according to Cicero, embraces every moral and good quality: a very proper word therefore, for conveying the necessary qualifications for servants of a republican people, and not quite so much prostituted by the sickening term patriotism. *Gratia*, like it, may correspond with our English word favouritism, which vice disgraceful as it may seem, is not confined to courts.

If the above does not please, we again offer the old Roman maxim, as applicable—

Sicus Plato, sed magis amica veritas,

which Mr. Shandy translated,

"Dinah is my aunt, but Truth's my sister," but which we for the use of our worthy President clothe thus.—

"I like Mr. Jefferson's whimsical theories in politics very well, as means of getting into office, but when I have succeeded in getting there, and feel myself identified with the interests of my people, I like truth better.

M. MEDLEY.

The London Traveller of the 15th of May, states, on the authority of private advices from Hamburg, that serious differences had arisen between the courts of Stockholm and Copenhagen. The emperor of Austria is also stated to have taken possession of Rome.

It was said that the expedition fitting out at Portsmouth, was intended to aid the Spanish government in subduing her revolted provinces in South America. A war between Spain and Portugal, it was rumored, would probably take place.

Extract of a letter received within a few days past by a gentleman of N. York from PRESIDENT PETION, of the republic of Hayti.

"There has been established in this capital for two years past, a Bible Society, of which I am the patron and protector. It would be gratifying to correspond with that establishment at New York, I have received from you the Constitution of the last mentioned Society, for which I return you my thanks."

Detestable Fraud.—By the report of several passengers, arrived at Baltimore, it appears that the ship Aristides, in which they sailed from New-Orleans for New-York, was scuttled at sea by the captain and owner, for the purpose of defrauding the underwriters. She was insured at New-Orleans, for a large sum on vessel and cargo, although she had nothing but ballast on board, except some freight for Mr. Ferguson, of Ken. who remained on board the sinking vessel, after the other passengers had quit her.

We have received a Gibraltar paper of the 10th of May, in which it is asserted, that the Tunisian Bashaw has been notified by captain Forrest, of the British frigate Astrea, in the name of the Prince Regent, that he may go to war with whomsoever he may think proper, provided he comply with the article relative to the abolition of slavery. [*N. Y. Gaz.*

There are few cities, perhaps none in the United States, in which improvements are progressing so rapidly as in Baltimore. The vast number of new buildings (nearly eight hundred as we have heard) which are now erecting in various parts of the city, cannot fail to impress even a casual observer with favorable ideas of the spirit and enterprize of our citizens.

Balt. Fed. Gazette.

"*Oliver Cromwell's Palace.*—This place of residence, to which so much importance is attached in the pages of English history, was burnt to the ground on Wednesday se'n-night, in Clerkenwell-close. The fire commenced at the "Usurper's House," which, after having undergone a variety of transformations, had at length become the humble dwelling of a picture-frame maker. It was in this house that the death-warrant of King Charles I. was signed by Cromwell."

Lon. pap. May 10.

INDIAN AFFAIRS.

Milledgeville, June 24.

The annexed documents furnish authentic information respecting the present state of our affairs with the Indians below; and, also, the particulars of a late successful attack on two of their marauding parties, by a small detachment of volunteer militia. The frequent irruptions of these savages into our territory for some months back have excited very general alarm among the defenceless inhabitants of our southern frontier, many of whom have abandoned their homes and fled to the interior for safety. The Executive of Georgia, unwilling to rely any longer upon the promised assistance of the national government, which has probably been delayed by the peculiar situation of the War Department, has issued orders to Gen. Floyd, requiring him to call into service from any part of his division, a sufficient force to ensure the protection of the frontier settlements exposed to danger, and the effectual chastisement of all future marauding parties of Indians. From the late insidious attempts of the Spanish government to stir up the western savages against us, we have a right to attribute the persevering hostility of the Florida Indians to some such improper interference. The artillery company from Charleston, which was stated to have been stopped at the Creek Agency, has, we learn, descended Flint river, and arrived at Fort Scott.

Extract of a communication from Gen. Floyd, commanding first division of Georgia Militia, to the Executive of this state, dated

St. Mary's, June 5.

"Your letter of the 29th April affords ample proof of your prompt attention to the unsettled and perilous situation of the southern frontier, bordering on the savages—and I yield cheerfully to both inclination and duty, in apprizing you of such occurrences in this quarter, as may have a tendency to involve the interest and welfare of the state.

"A copy of Major Bailey's report to me of a late affair with the Indians is forwarded to you. The misconduct of evil disposed persons on *both sides*, has produced a state of things worse than open war with our red neighbours, which requires a reciprocity of vigorous measures for the restoration of order and tranquility to the respective frontiers.

"I have just received information of a party of Indians having, on the 30th ult. entered the neighbourhood, and in open day-light took the Cattle from Rollinson's pen. Such is the state of alarm, that many families have broken up."

Major Bailey's report to Gen. Floyd.

Camden county, 28th May.

"I deem it expedient to inform you, that on the 20th instant I left Trader's Hill, accompanied by twenty-four volunteers, in pursuit of cattle lately driven off from this frontier by a party of Indians. We took their trail, and followed it to where the Maccasooka path crosses the Suannah river. When about a mile from the river, on the 23d, between seven and eight o'clock, P. M. we saw the light of a fire, which we made for, and found it to proceed from an Indian camp of from 5 to 8 men, who, we had no doubt, were a party fitted out to do mischief, and then on their way for the frontier settlement. We attacked them at 11 o'clock the same evening, killed one man, and wounded others, who were assisted off by their comrades. At this camp, we got three horses and two guns. On the morning of the 22d, we fell in with an Indian trail, which we followed a circuitious route, bearing for the big bend of St. Mary's—at 9 o'clock, P. M. of the 24th, we came up with them at camp on the waters of St. Mary's river, and attacked them at day break the next morning, killed two, and wounded several. There were 12 or 15 in number. Here we got two guns and sixteen horses, two of which belong to our citizens. I am happy to state that not one of our party received any injury."

Extract of a letter from the Agent for Indian affairs, to the acting Governor of the state, dated the 10th inst.

Last night a runner from low down Flint river brought me a letter containing the following information:—"It seems a small parcel of the Uysehee red people who reside on the Chatahoochie river, a tribe that has always been friendly to our government, and never one of them has been known to join the Red stick party, were on a hunting excursion near the waters of St. Mary's river, when in the night by moonlight a party of white people rushed upon them, killed one man, and wounded the other four badly—drove off all their horses, took their guns, and every thing else they could carry off from the camp. The four wounded men are now lying very bad, about sixty miles below here, not being able to proceed to their town on Chatahoochee. It is not known whether it was done by the white people that reside in the Spanish government, or in our own government.

It is very desirable to ascertain whether the mischief has been done by the people of Georgia, or by those of East Florida.—If by the latter, retaliation may be averted from our people by a timely representation of that fact to the Chiefs of the town to which the injured party belong. The chiefs of the nation are to meet me at Fort Hawkins the first of next month, which will afford a fair opportunity of making explanation, if in the mean time you can ascertain the aggressors. [*Journal.*

REFINED GALLANTRY.

It gives us singular pleasure to notice the very praise-worthy conduct of that celebrated experimental philosopher, Sir H. Davy, the greatest chemist in England, perhaps now in Europe, who has dedicated his "Elements of Chemical Philosophy," not to the King, or to the Prince Regent, nor to a Duke, or a Peer, or a great Minister, but, to his wife!—It is so noble an instance of matrimonial attachment, and so very different from the usual style of labored dedications and fulsome flatteries, that we lay it before our readers as an illustrous proof of matrimonial respect and affection, worthy of preservation and imitation:— [*Balt. American.*

"TO LADY DAVY.

"There is no individual to whom I can with so much propriety, or so much pleasure, dedicate this work as to you. The interest you have taken in the progress of it has been a constant motive for my exertions, and it was begun and finished in a period of my life, which owing to you, has been the happiest. Regard it as a pledge that I shall continue to pursue Science with unabated ardor.—Receive it as a proof of my ardent affection, which must be unalterable, for it is founded upon the admiration of your moral and intellectual qualities."

H. DAVY.

FRESH GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

Have just received, and offer for Sale, at reduced prices.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL,

A well selected assortment of

Dry Goods & Groceries,

Consisting in part, of the following

ARTICLES,

Cambric muslins, plain and fig'd lenos,
Plain and fig'd mulls, 5-4 & 7-4 India mulls,
Shirting muslins, common and superfine calicoes,
Ginghams 3-4 4-4 & 6-4, cotton shawls and hkf's.
Imitation shawls, merino bordered shawls,
Vestings assorted, superfine and common cloths and cassimeres,
Stockinet, dimities, madrass hk'fs.
Levantine, Florence, & Senshaw fancy silk hkf's
6-4, 7-4, and 8-4 Levantine shawls, serge and da mask shawls,
Men's and Women's hosiery, Irish linnens,
Domestic plaids, stripes, chambrays, tickings and checks,
India muslins, checks and calicoes,
Blue and yellow nankeens, scersuckers, &c. &c.
Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, Imperial and Gunpowder Teas, of the latest importation, and in small boxes;
Coffee, New-Orleans sugar, &c.
Madeira, Teneriffe and Port Wines,
Knives and forks, pen-knives, scissors, &c.
Also, 1 package assorted ironmongery, and 1 case assorted gilt and plated buttons, for sale on the sterling cost,
Coloured goat and sheep skins of a superior quality, at the Philadelphia prices, with charges added,

FASHIONABLE STRAW HATS,

a handsome assortment of the best quality.

Tow and flax linnen, yarn and country sugar taken in exchange.

T. G. LEA, & Co.
Corner of Market and 2d streets.
Pittsburg, May 23, 1817.

FOR SALE

BY

Armstrong & Ewing,

AT THEIR

WHOLESALE GROCERY STORE,

Wood street, between First and Second.

Gunpowder, Imperial, Young Hyson & Hyson Skin — Teas of the first quality & latest importations.
First & Second quality Green Coffee,
Loaf, lump, and brown Sugar.
Chocolate,
Spanish Indigo.
Madder, Copperas, Alum,
Race & ground Ginger,
Pepper, Alspice.
Nutmegs, Cloves, Cinnamon.
Box Raisins, best muscatel.

Keg do. Brimstone.
Spanish Cigars,
Kentucky Tobacco.
Figs in Drums.
Best Sallad Oil.
Fresh Lemons.
Soft shel'd Almonds.
Mustard, Starch,
Sugar Candy, Rice, &

L. p. Madeira, do. Teneriffe, Sherry, & Port — Wines of first quality.

Cog. Brandy, 4th proof
Jamaica Spirits, do.
Holland Gin,
Whiskey.

With a general assortment of articles in the above line, which will be disposed of on the lowest terms for cash or approved acceptances.

A fair price given for all kinds of Peltry.

Pittsburgh, June 20, 1817.

JAMES LAUBIE,

Diamond, Pittsburgh,

HAS just received, & has for sale, on the most reasonable terms,

Best Spanish Cigars by the box,
Raisins by the do.
Port Wine,
Madeira, do.
Teneriff,
Jamaica Spirits,
French Brandy,
Cordials,
Dryed Fruits, &c.

December 17th, 1816.——tf

CASTINGS,

CUT NAILS, of all sizes,

AND A FEW

Bags Coffee,

FOR SALE BY

WILLIAM LECKY,
Wood-street.

Who has constantly on hand

BAR IRON,

OF THE BEST QUALITY.

Pittsburgh March 14th, 1817.——

*** Connelsville notes taken in payment for nails.

Mustard Seed,

I WILL give 10 dollars per bushel for good clean MUSTARD SEED.

by J. W. SKELTON.

Pittsburgh, March 2,—tf

East Liberty Steam-mill.

IS now in complete operation with four run of stones and a double wool carding machine, just new, with all the necessary works for manufacturing all kinds of grain for the country, for making merchant work & for shelling barley, buckwheat, & other grain—country work done for the tenth bushel & wool carding for eight cents per pound. Customers thankfuly received and due attendance paid—Market price paid in cash for grain immediately after harvest.

JACOB NEGLEY.

Pittsburgh, July 8th 1817.

Caution to the Public,
DR. LEE'S (WINDHAM)
BILIOUS PILLS,
OR
FAMILY PHYSIC.

THE above named pills, are the true and original patent Lee's Pills, and are the first Pill for which a patent was ever granted in America.

The universal esteem in which these Pills have been held for many years, as a *mild*, *safe*, and efficacious Family Medicine, and the great and increasing demand for them, in most parts of the U. States and West Indies, has induced several wicked and unprincipled dealers in medicines, (particularly in Philadelphia) to make and sell Pills, which they style Lee's Windham Bilious Pills; making use of a copy of his bill of directions, &c. and offering the same for sale, as the genuine Lee's Pills, whereas the true and original Lee's Pills were never prepared in any place except in Windham, (Con.) nor by any persons except the proprietors of the patent. To guard against deceptions of this kind, the public are requested to observe, that each box of the true Lee's Pills, is enclosed in an elegant stereotype label, with these words on the sides thereof; *Lee's genuine Windham* Bilious Pills: and on the end of the label, the words, *Samuel Lee, Patentee, &c I Thompson, agent, joint proprietor, &c.* and should any be offered for sale without said label on them, the purchaser may be assured that they are counterfeit and not the genuine *Lee's Pills*. To those who are in the habit of using the genuine pills, the fraud is easily discovered by their effects, and those who may wish to make use of them may guard against counterfeits and imposters, and always be sure of the genuine pills, by observing that they purchase none unless they are enclosed in the label aforesaid.

The proprietors have for several years past expended large sums, in order to break down counterfeiters and dishonest dealers, but are yet convinced that there are some, who not only disregard the laws and the rights of others, but also the injuries they do to the community, by selling their own dangerous compositions, for the genuine Lee's Pills, whenever they think they can do it without being detected & brought to justice. For the purpose of putting a stop to such nefarious traffic, the proprietors have been at very great expence in procuring the stereotype label, and the public may rest assured, that no genuine pills, will be sold without the label being around each box; and as a further inducement to the public to be on their guard against the designs of those dealers in medicines, who keep such counterfeit pills in their shops. The proprietors hereby offer a reward of *Three Hundred Dollars*, to any person who will prove to conviction, the person or persons who shall make & sell such counterfeit pills and as proper steps have been taken to discover those persons who sell such counterfeit pills, and on whom suspicion already rests, it is hoped that their names will soon be before the public, as dealers in counterfeit medicines, and their persons before the district court of the U. States, to answer for an infringement of the patent.

The approbation of medical gentlemen and the opinion of many thousands of respectable persons who have experienced the good effect of the genuine Lee's Pills, as a *mild*, *safe* and *efficacious* purgative, for removing *jaundice*, *Headach*, *indigestion*, *costiveness*, *cholic*, *autumnal fevers*, and all Bilious complaints, are it is presumed, a sufficient recommendation to those who may wish to make use of them in families or elsewhere.

The genuine Lee's Pills, are sold by the most of those druggists in the U. States who choose to keep good articles of medicine in preference to base ones. A deposit of the genuine pills, will always be kept at the store of Thatcher and Thompson, N. W. corner of Market and Second street; by the proprietors of the patent, where druggists and others, may always be certain of obtaining the true pills, on the same terms as of the patentee.

J. THOMPSON,
Agent to the Patentee.

The above medicine for sale Wholesale and Retail, by

Samuel Pettigrew,
Druggist, Market street,
Pittsburgh, April 15th, 1817.—— eow6t

Stop the Thief.

THE subscriber, on the 25th ult. at the tavern of William Bratton—on the Wheeling road, near Morristown (Ohio) was robbed of the following articles, by one Michael Datton who lately resided in Zanesville, viz.—A blue factory cotton coat, a red scarlet jacket, a pair of brownish cloth overalls, a new fur black hat with an oil cloth on it, an old fashioned English silver watch, two silk handkerchiefs one cross-barred and the other flowered red, yellow and black, a pocket book with $10 in money, and a white neck kerchief with a red border.

Said Michael Datton is supposed to be dressed in some of the above clothing; he is about 5 feet one inch high, with sandy hair.——Any person who will secure said thief so that he may be brought to punishment, shall receive Ten dollars reward.

PHILIP DYCUS.
Zanesville, July 8, 1817. 3

Patent Trace Chain.

THE subscriber has invented and obtained a patent for cutting and bending links to make chain of different sizes.

Chain made of those links will have a superior advantage over the chain made in the common way as the iron is first drawn into a wire which makes each link of an equal thickness and more beautiful and strong than the common chain.

To the wholesale merchant they will be sold at 21 doll per dozen. The links will likewise be sold to blacksmiths or others at 23 dolls. per hundrod pounds with the necessary complement of rivets, each chain requires six pound of links. Orders accompanied with the cash will be promptly attended to by the subscriber at his works adjoining Pittsburgh.

WILLIAM EICHBAUM
April 1, 1817.——tf

A New School.

THE subscriber informs his friends and the public, that he has taken a very large and convenient room on Liberty and Third streets, in the city of Pittsburgh, where he intends teaching reading, writing, and common arithmetick, and by his experience in public business and strict attention paid to the tuition of those under *his* care he hopes to merit a share of public patronage.

REUBEN AYRES.
Pittsburgh, July, 11, 1817.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to THOMAS JONES, (*Lower Ferry*) for ferriage for the years 1814, 1815 & 1816, and book accounts, are requested to pay off within twenty days, as no longer indulgence can be given.

July 11, 1817. 3

Monongahela Bridge.

NOTICE is hereby given to such of the Stockholders as have not paid the instalments now due on their subscriptions, that if the same is not paid before the 16th inst. the penalties of the law will be rigidly exacted.

By order of the Board of Managers.
JOHN THAW, *Treasurer.*
Pittsburgh, July 11.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing between *Holdship & Shinn*, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 22d of June.—Those indebted to said firm are requested to make payment to Henry Holdship, who is *alone* authorised to settle said accounts.

HENRY HOLDSHIP.
WILLIAM B. SHINN.
Pittsburgh, July 11, 1817. 3

40 Dollars Reward.

RAN away on Saturday evening the 21st inst. an apprentice to the Printing business named

John Rubenthal,

between 18 & 19 years of age, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, has grey eyes, a light complexion, a dimple in one of his cheeks, not recollected which but particularly visible when he laughs, fine features, curly sandy hair, and treacherous look. Had on when he eloped, a blue broad cloth coat, a white waistcoat, a pair of blue cloth pantaloons, and a fur hat nearly new, and supposed to have taken with him a new pair of blue mixed pantaloons, also a new bandanna handkerchief, marked W. H. and other cloathing not recollected.

He is supposed to have been enticed away by a journeyman Pressman named Edward K. M'Kenzie, who is about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, of a dark complexion, pock-pitted, ordinary and ill-favoured, and had on a roundabout and pair of pantaloons of mixed cotton—took with him other cloathing, among which a bottle green cloth coat half worn. He ran away without paying his debts.

Twenty dollars reward will be given and all reasonable charges paid for the apprehension of said apprentice, and twenty dollars for the satisfaction of seeing the said M'Kenzie brought to Lancaster.

Lancaster, June 23.
WILLIAM HAMILTON.

N. B. The above described apprentice was taken by me, in Pittsburgh, but effected his escape by jumping from the second story of a house. I will give an additional reward of TEN DOLLARS, if taken out of the County and delivered to me, at the Jail of Pittsburgh.

SAMUEL HUBLEY, *Jailor.*
Pittsburgh, July 11th 1817.

Late Importation.

WM. HILL,

AT HIS WHOLESALE WARE-HOUSE, OPPOSITE KERRS' HOTEL, IN MARKET-STREET, HAS JUST RECEIVED THE FOLLOWING FRESH GOODS, OF HIS OWN IMPORTATION, VIZ.

30 ps. olive velvet
30 blk. do.
30 Olive Genoa cords
30 4-4 and 6-4 cotton checks
30 Cotton tickings
30 Printed marseilles waistcoating
40 Blk. and fancy colored bombazetts
50 Superfine undress'd prints
50 Do. dress'd do.
50 Superfine plate do.
50 4-4 a 6-4 cambrics
50 7-8 a 9-8 shirtings
40 Fancy ginghams
40 Dimities
16 4-4 a 6-4 cotton shawls
50 Doz. 3-4 a 4-4 Madrass hdkfs.
1 Case 180 doz. oz. thread
1 Do. 254 doz. Holland tape & bobbins
1 Do. 200 packs, No. 4, 4 1-2 & 5 pins
30 M. Best white chappel sharps assorted
100 Doz. Ivory Combs
100 Doz. Horn Combs
30 lb. best black cloth sewings
50 Do. blue do. do.
40 Do silk twist assorted
36 Doz. mens' white & colored C. half hose
30 Womens' white cotton do.

The above goods were purchased in England, to particular order, by a person of experience, and came out at prime cost. They are now offered for sale on accommodating terms, at the Philadelphia *ps.* prices, with the addition of transportation only.

W. H. Has also a large and well assorted stock at his retail store, S. E. corner of Market and Fourth-streets.

Pittsburgh, June 27.——2awtf

Saml. & John Thompson,
Merchant Taylors,
SOUTH EAST END OF MARKET STREET,

HAVE just received a large supply of superfine and common cloths, cassimeres and vestings, and as they were principally bought at Auction in Philadelphia, they will be sold very low. They have also obtained the newest fashions, and will continue to supply gentlemen with fashionable cloathing at a short notice. They keep as usual a large supply of made cloathing at, reduced prices

Pttsburg, December 1817,

ABISHAI WAY & CO.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
STORE,
In Market street PITTSBURGH.

HAVE on hand a large and well assorted stock of Fresh

Dry Goods, Groceries and Queensware,

And in daily expectation of an additional supply of Dry goods, among which are
Elegant CANTON CRAPES, SILKS, BOMBAZETTS &c.
100 pieces hanging paper.

Just Received,
100 bbls. fresh sup. Flour,
LINSEED OIL,
Prime Leaf Tobacco in hhds.

which they offer For Sale on reasonable terms.
Pittsburgh, July 8, 1817.

FOR SALE, BY
RICHD. BOWEN & CO.
Corner of Market and Water Streets,

NEW ORLEANS SUGAR,
Currant Wine,
Whiskey
Loaf, and Domestic Sugar,
Almonds, Chocolate, Codfish
Allum, Allspice, Brimstone, Ginger.
DOMESTIC PLAIDS, STRIPES, SHIRTINGS, and TICKING,
Copperas, Rosin
Spanish flotant Indigo.
Soal Leather
Cotton Cards,
Juniata Bar Iron
American, Crowley and German Steel
Cut and wrought Nails
Castings assorted
Cap Paper, No. 1, 2, 3 and 4; Post do.
Medium and demy Printing do.
Wrapping do. Bonnet boards
Window Glass
Bottles assorted in boxes, Porter do.
Birmingham Queensware
Kentucky twist and pigtail Tobacco
American Cigars
Bar and Pig Lead
Pewter Plates,
Axes, hoes, Chains and Screw Augurs
Mill saws,
Coal and wood stoves
Grates and Franklin stoves
Sad and Waffle Irons
Cast Iron Gudgeons and Cranks
Waggon Boxes
Wrag and Fan-mill irons,
Cast Tea kettles,
Pickled Beef in barrels,
AN INVOICE OF SADDLERY,
Leaf Tobacco in hogsheads,
ALSO A QUANTITY OF
Shot, | Cheese,
Flour, | Bacon, and
Kenhawa Salt.

Pittsbugh, July 1, 1817. 2awtf

Found.

A POCKET BOOK containing a promissary note and several memoranda was found on the 2d inst. on the bank of the Allegheny river, about six miles above this city. The owner on application at this office will receive information respecting it.

July 11 1817.

TICKETS & SHARES.

[A share of the *Highest Prize* of $25000 in one of our late Lotteries, was sold at ALLEN'S to a patriotic soldier who had lost a leg in the service of his country.]

IN THE GRAND STATE LOTTERY
For the Improvement of
INTERNAL NAVIGATION
For the State, for sale at
ALLEN'S *truly Fortunate Lottery Office*,
No. 1, Diamond row, Pittsburgh.

A premium given for *Eastern Bank notes* and *Specie*.——Uncurrent Bank notes bought and sold as usual.——Wanted from $1000 to $2000 of Owl-creek paper.

July 15th, 1817.

THE PARTNERSHIP OF
Cramer, Spear & Eichbaum,

WAS dissolved by mutual consent on the 23d of April, 1817. The accounts of the partnership will be settled by Cramer & Spear.

E. CRAMER.
JOHN SPEAR.
WM. EICHBAUM, Jun.
Pittsburgh, July 11th, 1817.

To Owners of Horses.

A NUMBER of the merchants of Philadelphia, desirous of promoting the internal intercourse of the state, and of facilitating their trade and connection with the western states, have united themselves into an association, under the name of "The Philadelphia and Pittsburgh Transporting Company." Their object is to reduce and equalize throughout the year, the cost of carriage, and to diminish the time now required, for the transport of merchandize to the western waters. They therefore purpose to establish Lines of Wagons, to start daily from Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, to run day and night changing horses every ten miles.

It must be evident to every enlightened person, that the success of the proposed system is most intimately connected with the interests of the whole community. It is important for the interiour of our state, that the trade of the western country should be maintained with the Atlantick cities; to secure which, the plan now contemplated, it is believed, will be effectual. A reduction in the rates, and in the time required for the transportation of Goods, to and from the Atlantick cities to the western waters, will enable the farmers and others to transmit their products to market with facility and cheapness, and procure a supply of foreign articles on more favourable terms. It will also increase the demand for horses, travelling, the value of lands, and in fine, add much to the improvement and importance of the towns and country on the route. Owners of horses, will find constant and profitable employment for them near their home, which is surely preferable to uncertain employment at a distance.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED,

For hauling the Wagons any number of sections of ten miles, each section, going and returning, to be performed within every twenty hours, and persons desirous of contracting will state the section or sections they will contract for.

The loading as far as Carlisle, will not exceed 4000 lbs. and from thence to Pittsburgh 3500, or 3200 when the roads are in a bad state.

The following conditions will be required.

1. Each contractor must give satisfactory security for the faithful performance of his contract.
2. Each contract must be for one year.
3. The contractor to be at every expense for his horses and driver, including the harness.
4. The Wagons must travel two miles an hour changing horses every ten miles without any unnecessary delay.
5. The contractors will be accountable to the Company, for all delays or damages which may arise from fraud or mismanagement upon the road, embraced within their contract.

Turnpike and Bridge Tolls will be paid by the Company.

Application to be made by Letter as early as possible, directed to the Subscriber, agent of the Philadelphia and Pittsburgh Transporting Company in Philadelphia.

THOMAS HARPER,
AGENT for the Philadelphia and Pittsburgh Transporting Company.
June 16, 1817.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(*Market, between 3d and 4th streets.*)

Dry Goods, Wines, Groceries and Hardware.
Summer Assortment.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that, he has formed a partnership in business with Messrs John and Isaac Lea, of Philadelphia, to be conducted under the firm of

JOHN M'CLEAN & CO.

who are at present opening, and will be regularly supplied with, an extensive and excellent assortment of articles in the above line, which being purchased principally at *Auction* in Philadelphia, will be disposed of at a very small advance.

Wholesale and Retail,
For cash, *approved notes* or country produce, *only*.

JOHN M'CLEAN.
Pittsburgh, June 10, 1817.

Summer Ale.
FOR SALE
30 Barrels Good Summer Ale
Suitable for bottling, enquire of,
D. S. SCULLY.
Pittsburgh April 25th 1817—3 2awtf

NEW
BOOK-STORE.

William Eichbaum, Junior,
BOOK-SELLER AND STATIONER,
SECOND, BETWEEN MARKET AND WOOD STREET,
HAS opened a *Wholesale and Retail Bookstore* and intends to keep constantly on hand a general assortment of

Books and Stationary

in the various branches of the business.

W. E. Having a bindery attached to his establishment, will be enabled to bind and rule books of every description, to any size or pattern with neatness and despatch.

All orders punctually attended to.

☞ Rags will be bought or taken in exchange for books at the usual prices.

Pittsburgh, July 11, 1817. 2tf

Copperas
OF A SUPERIOR QUALITY,

MANUFACTURED in Pittsburgh, can be had at all times, either by the keg or ton lower than it can be brought over the mountains of

BOSLER & CO.
Pittsburgh, June 6, 1817. tf